



Rome

Rome was called the “Eternal City” by the ancient Romans because they believed that no matter what happened in the rest of the world, the city of Rome would always remain standing. Exploring the city center by foot surrounded by glorious monuments and colossal remains takes you back in time to the “glory that was Rome”.

With its unparalleled history, Rome is the third most visited city in Europe and the fourteenth worldwide. It attracts visitors from all over the world who are impatient to discover the city’s impressive monuments and archaeological sites; not to mention its renowned cuisine and its lively atmosphere. Rome is a breath-taking open-air museum and these are its top sights.



- | | | | |
|----|------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| 1. | Borghese Gallery | 6. | Trevi Fountain |
| 2. | Colosseum | 7. | Vatican City: St Peter’s Basilica |
| 3. | Pantheon | 8. | St Peter’s Square |
| 4. | Roman Forum | 9. | Sistine Chapel |
| 5. | Spanish Steps | 10. | Vatican Museums |

1. Borghese Gallery

Housed in the Villa Borghese, a beautiful and elegant mansion. one of the most renowned art museums in the world. The building's gardens are the third largest park in Rome.



3. Pantheon

Built by the Emperor Hadrian in the 1st Century AD it is the best preserved brick dome in the history of architecture and the model for all modern paces of worship.



5. Spanish Steps

Dating from 1723, between Piazza di Spagna and Piazza Trinita dei Monti. It is a place for artists and poets. There is a maze of lanes with designer shops.



2. Colosseum

Built in the 1st century BC, a symbol of Rome. It is an imposing construction that, with almost 2,000 years of history, will bring you back in time to discover the way of life in the Roman Empire.



4. Roman Forum

Established as a public and religious meeting place since the founding of the Roman Republic in 500BC. Forgotten with the fall of the Roman Empire but excavated in the 20th century.



6. Trevi Fountain

The largest and most beautiful fountain in Rome. There has been a fountain on the site since 19BC. The present fountain was completed in 1762'



Vatican City

7. Saint Peter's Basilica

Built in the 16th century, replacing the original of 349, on the site of St Peter's Tomb, is one of the holiest shrines in the Catholic world.



8. Saint Peter's Square

One of the largest and most beautiful squares in the world. Constructed in the 17th century, it can hold over 300,000 pilgrims.



9. Sistine Chapel

Consecrated in 1483 and the venue for the Papal Conclaves. Best remembered for the ceiling paintings by Michaelangelo.



10. Vatican Museums

Dating from the early 16th century, the museums exhibit the extensive collection of art and statuary collected by the Papal See and are ranked among the most important in the world.

